

ternational anization

### **Financing social** protection to achieve 40% coverage in Africa

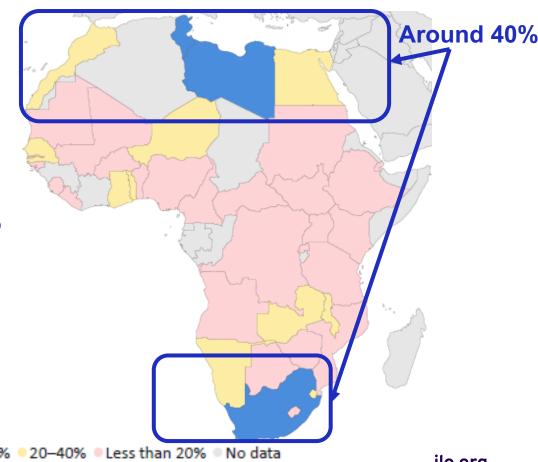
Launch of the Regional Strategy for Accelerating Social Protection in Africa

Valerie Schmitt, 17 November 2021



# • Coverage gaps linked to financing gaps

- In Africa 83.6 percent of the population are excluded from social protection and 76.3 per cent are not affiliated to health care schemes
- Some countries are close to the 40 percent target; others are lagging behind
- African countries invest today 5.8 per cent of their GDP on social protection including access to health care
- They should add 8.2 per cent, to close the financing gap, or multiply by 2.5 their current investment in social protection



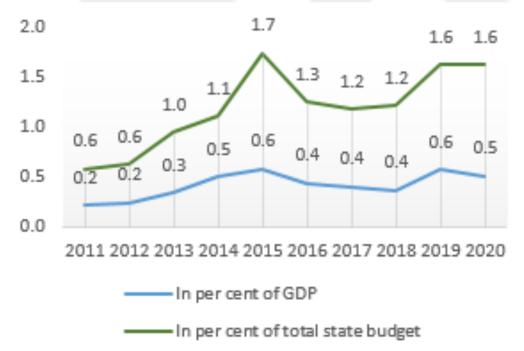
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### Domestic resources for social protection

- Assess financing gaps and financing options
- Improve governance and compliance (inspection, digitalization)
- Expand social security coverage to workers and enterprises in the informal economy
- Reallocate public expenditure (fuel subsidies)
- Conduct tax reforms
- Work with Ministries of Finance, INFF processes; make use of South South learning

#### Example: Increasing fiscal space for social protection in Mozambique





## International solidarity

- Technical and financial assistance
- ODA commitments
- Complement (not replace) and support domestic resource mobilization efforts for long term sustainability
- Enabling environment: Debt service suspension, SDRs...
- A common roadmap for greater coherence

#### Example: Share of the social protection budget financed domestically in Kenya

